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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/785,073	02/25/2004	Teruo Takizawa	118439	8936
25944	7590	06/02/2005	EXAMINER	
OLIFF & BERRIDGE, PLC P.O. BOX 19928 ALEXANDRIA, VA 22320				QUINTO, KEVIN V
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2826	

DATE MAILED: 06/02/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

<b>Office Action Summary</b>	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/785,073	TAKIZAWA, TERUO
	Examiner Kevin Quinto	Art Unit 2826

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

#### Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

#### Status

1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 03 February 2005.  
 2a) This action is **FINAL**.                            2b) This action is non-final.  
 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

#### Disposition of Claims

4) Claim(s) 1-8 is/are pending in the application.  
 4a) Of the above claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are withdrawn from consideration.  
 5) Claim(s) 2 and 6-8 is/are allowed.  
 6) Claim(s) 1 and 3-5 is/are rejected.  
 7) Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are objected to.  
 8) Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

#### Application Papers

9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.  
 10) The drawing(s) filed on \_\_\_\_\_ is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.  
     Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  
     Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).  
 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

#### Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).  
 a) All    b) Some \* c) None of:  
 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.  
 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. \_\_\_\_\_.  
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

\* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

#### Attachment(s)

1) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413)
2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____
3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____	5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
	6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____

## **DETAILED ACTION**

### ***Response to Arguments***

1. Applicant's arguments filed February 3, 2005 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Newly amended claim 1 uses the limitation, "including implanted germanium" but this does not render claims 1 and 3-5 patentable over the cited prior art references of Hayashi (United States Patent Application No. US 2003/0197598 A1), Brown et al. (USPN 6,417,526 B2), Streetman ("Solid State Electronic Devices"), and Kanbara et al. (USPN 4,575,925). The new limitation places claims 1 and 3-5 into the form of product-by-process claims. This is discussed with further detail below in the section labeled *Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103*.

### ***Specification***

2. In light of the newly amended title, the examiner hereby withdraws the objection made to the title in the previous Office action.

### ***Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103***

3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

4. Claims 1, 4, and 5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hayashi (United States Patent Application No. US 2003/0197598 A1) in view of Brown et al. (USPN 6,417,526 B2) and further in view of Streetman ("Solid State Electronic Devices," p. 205).

5. With regard to claim 1, Hayashi (United States Patent Application No. US 2003/0197598 A1) discloses a similar device. Figures 9 and 10 of Hayashi disclose a semiconductor device with a bridge rectifier circuit (3 in figure 9, figure 10 has added detail) having a plurality of diodes (D1-D4, figure 10). Hayashi does not disclose the use of diode which uses a p-type silicon layer containing germanium and an n-type silicon layer junctioned to the p-type silicon layer. However the use of such diodes is well known in the art. Brown et al. (USPN 6,417,526 B2, hereinafter referred to as the "Brown" reference) discloses a diode (in figure 1) that has a p-type silicon layer (1) containing germanium and an n-type silicon layer (2) junctioned to the p-type silicon layer (1). Brown states that such a diode has a short switching time (column 6, lines 33-40). Streetman ("Solid State Electronic Devices," p. 205) states that diodes with a fast switching speed are desirable in the art. In view of Streetman, it would therefore be obvious to implement the Brown diode in the bridge rectifier circuit of Hayashi. The examiner notes the limitation regarding the use of ion implantation to form the silicon layer with germanium however this places claim 1 into the form of a **product-by-process claim:**

Note that a "product by process" claim is directed to the product per se, no matter how actually made, *In re Hirao*, 190 USPQ 15 at 17 (footnote 3). See also *In re Thorpe*, 227 USPQ 964, 966; *In re Luck*, 177 USPQ 523; *In re Fessmann*, 180 USPQ 324; *In re Avery*, 186 USPQ 161; *In re Wertheim*, 191 USPQ 90 (209 USPQ 554 does not deal with this issue); and *In re Marosi et al.*, 218 USPQ 289, all of which make it clear that it is the patentability of the final product per se which must be determined in a

"product by process" claim, and not the patentability of the process, and that an old or obvious product produced by a new method is not patentable as a product, whether claimed in " product by process" claims or not. Note that applicant has the burden of proof in such cases, as the above case law makes clear. See also MPEP 2113.

Claim 1 does not distinguish over the Hayashi, Brown, and Streetman references regardless of the process used to remove the dielectric material, because only the final product is relevant, and not the process of making such as implanting.

6. In reference to claim 4, the bridge rectifier circuit (3, figure 9) of Hayashi has a plurality of diodes (D1-D4, figure 10) which rectify a predetermined alternating-current voltage to a direct-current voltage.

7. With regard to claim 5, figure 9 of Hayashi shows that the semiconductor device has a coil antenna (L1) coupled to one side of the bridge rectifier circuit (3); a smoothing capacitor (Ca) coupled to the other side of the bridge rectifier circuit (3). The coil antenna (L1) generates an alternating-current voltage by electromagnetic induction. The bridge rectifier circuit (3) rectifies the alternating-current voltage into a direct-current voltage. The smoothing capacitor (Ca) smoothes the direct-current voltage into a constant voltage.

8. Claim 3 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hayashi (United States Patent Application No. US 2003/0197598 A1) in view of Brown et al. (USPN 6,417,526 B2) and further in view of Streetman ("Solid State Electronic Devices," p. 205) as applied to claim 1 above and further in view of Kanbara et al. (USPN 4,575,925).

9. In reference to claim 3, neither Hayashi nor Brown discloses the use of an insulating substrate with the diode. However the use of such substrates is well known

in the art. Kanbara et al. (USPN 4,575,925, hereinafter referred to as the "Kanbara" reference) discloses that the use of an SOI substrate (an insulating substrate) leads to a device with the benefits of a low stray capacity and a high breakdown voltage (column 1, lines 19-27). In view of Kanbara, it would therefore be obvious to implement the diode of Brown on an insulating substrate.

***Allowable Subject Matter***

10. Claims 2 and 6-8 are allowed.
11. The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter: the examiner is unaware of any prior art which suggests or renders obvious a fabrication process for a semiconductor device which contains a diode that has a p-type silicon-germanium mixed crystal layer (attained by ion implanting germanium into silicon) and an n-type silicon layer junctioned to the p-type silicon-germanium mixed crystal layer.

***Conclusion***

12. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within

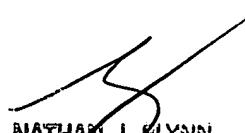
TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Kevin Quinto whose telephone number is (571) 272-1920. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8AM-5PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Nathan Flynn can be reached on (571) 272-1915. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

KVQ



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